REPLY

TO THE

Substantial IMPEACHMENT of Dr. Sacheverell,

IN

A Dialogue

BETWEEN

An High-Church Captain, a Stanch'd Whigg, and a Coffee-man;

is the Matter of Fact was really transacted on Friday last in B—s Coffee-House in Westminster-Hall.

tinted: and Sold by the Booksellers of London and Westminster, 1710.

A full Reply to the Substantial Impeachment of Dr. Sacheverell, &c.

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[Enter the Captain in the Coffee-House.]

Ow is it B---d?

Coffee-man. Very well, noble Captain.

Captain. Give me a Dish of Tea.

Coffee-man. You shall have it in a Minute.

After he had drank it, he pulls out the Tryal of King Charles the First, and thus begins to read; "Bradshaw being seated and Robed in Scarlet (for you must know this Trayterous Villain was going about a Bloody Action) the King being now the third time before this pre-"tended Court of Justice, with abundance of Eloquence, argued against "their Authority; Bradshaw that Rigicee (who was afterwards hanged at Tyburn for this noble Deed) speaks to the King after this sawcy man-" ner___Sir, you have heard what is moved by the Council on the behalf of "the Kingdom against you, and now the Court expects that you give in your po-"fitive and final Aefwer, [Observe that, in plain English] whether you are Guilty, or Not Guilty, of the Treasons said to your Charge. Here's Language from a dutiful Subject to his King! a fawcy imperious Rascal.

But pray hear what the King says thereto. King. I was here yesterday, I defired to speak for the Liberties of the Reople, but was interrupted .- Bradthaw. Sir, you have heard the Resolution of the Court upon the like Question, and that you ought to acknowledge the Jurisdiction of it, and answer to you Charge — King. For the Charge I value not a Rush, it is the Liberty of the People I stand for. (Here's a Prince of an undaunted Courage, speak boldly to the Face of the Villains) I fay for me to acknowledge a new Coun that I never heard of before: I that am your King, that should be an Example to all the People of England, to uphold Justice, to maintain the old Laws: In deed I do not know how to do it. (He speaks like an Angel.) But now you shall hear what Judge Impudence fays—Bradshaw. Sir, (not your Majest) that's Popery, or at least Slavery) you must know the pleasure of the Count (You must know the Pleasure of the Court! there's a Dog for you King. By your Favour, Sir. Bradshaw interrupted him. (Do you fee the Manners of the Beaft?) - Bradshaw. Nay, Sir, by your favour, you may not be permitted to fall into those Discourses, (very fine indeed) you appear a Delinquent (why not a Rebel too?) you have not acknowledged the Authority of the Court, the Court craves it not of you, but once more they command you to give your positive Answer. (Here's Trayterous Villains! what command their King to give his positive Answer! Ah Presbyterian Dogs, they deserv'd to be cut as small as Herbs to the Pot.

Coffee-man. Captain you dare not fay fo much at Dick's Coffee-house at

Temple-Bar.

Captain. Yes at Dick's, or at any Whiggs Coffee-house in the Kingdom

What, command their King! Oh Villains in grane!

Upffarts a franch'd Regicede Whigh and speaks, Captain, don't you use to command your foldiers Sir?

Whig. But the High-Court of Justice at that time were in power, and then they had the command.

Cept. What! Subjects command their King, Sir?

Whig. Yes, and so they ought to do, when such Princes as he shall dare to ruine his Subjects by ill Council, and shall presume to consent to the Butchering of fo many Thousand Protestants as he did in Ireland, then I think 'tis high time to command such a Prince, and to call him to

an Account for those Barbarous Actions.

Capt. That's a Scandalous Odium cast on the Blest Martyr, by your Damn'd Whiggish party, on purpose to Blacken him, that your Villanies might seem justifiable in the Eyes of the People; but when all is said to vindicate their Actions, is giving as it were your Consent to the Murther of the King afresh, which is Villanons and Trayterous, and is condemn'd already by that very Act which ordains the 30th of January to be kept in perpetual Memory of that Horrid and Traytorous Fact, and so long as we have Swords we will defend that Law, and lets see what Whige will dare to dispute it with us.

Whigg. I think, Sir, 'tis time the keeping of that Day was laid afide,

fince our happy Union with Scotland.

Capt. Yes, no question 'twould be of mighty service to such Whiggish Rascals as would have it forgotten, but I hope twill be kept up for ever to the Hearts grief of that damn'd Party.

Whigg. You're passionate, Captain; but what say you to the Fifth of

November?

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Capt. I say let that and the 30th of Jaunary for ever be remembred, and let'em stand (as Dr. Sacheverell says) as a perpetual Memorial to this Kingdom, of the unparrelled Villany that this Church and State underwent in those Times by the Perils of such false Brethren as the Papilts and Preshyterians then were.

whig. What do you think of your Doctor Sacheverell? is he not a fine

Fellow to go about to fet the Nation by the Ears?

Capt. That's a mistake of yours; you damn'd Whigs are so gall'd, that a Man can no sooner touch you, but presently you winch

Whig. No, 'tis the Government, not us.
Capt. I say you can't endure to have your Faults laid open, he only lets the Nation see what Hypocritical Villains you are, that you can be contented to enjoy your Liberty in your own Meetings, nor continue in the Church neither, tho' you can occasionally Conform for a good tat Place in the Government, but must return to the Conventicle again with a Horle-Pox to'ye, and this is it that stomachs your Whiggish worthips mightily; but it seems Truth is not to be spoken at all times.

Whig. No, he's a seditious Preacher, and endeavours to stir up the People to Rebellion against the Government, for which he deserves to have his Gown strip'd over his Ears, and suspended all Priestly Office in

the Church for the future.

Capt. Yes, yes, that's what you would fain be at in your publick Dilcourse, but in your Cabals some are for Hanging of him first, and Judging of him afterwards; others are for cleaning of him inwardly after the Butchers fashion; viz. Gutting of him; and some of the most merciful of your Party are so charitable to him this cold Weather, that to keep him warm, they would fain Roast him alive, such sweet sanctified Villains are they.

Whig. What makes you fcandalife 'em thus ? Capt. 'Tis only a little matter of Fact, and Truth which you have for has pr Zealoufly coppied after your Brother Popery. areea Whig. This only on purpose to blacken 'em, there's nothing in't.
Capt. I tell you 'tis Fact, and can prove it upon occasion; and pray let me add another to the reft of 'em. Non-Whig. I warrant that is good as the rest, let's hear it however. Parlia Capr. I say 'tis what I suppose you'll hardly deny, there is a parcel of Whigs when they go to Church to Qualifie themselves for a Post, or Place of Preferment in the Government, you know they go to the very Altar to receive the Bleffed Sacrament, and when they have done out they come

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and I overheard one fay, Jack, Fack, I had much ado to swallow it, faith tis ready to chook me, it flicks fill in my Throat, I must wash it down with a Bottle of Claret, and then the Villains drink Confusion to that Church which has so charitably let 'em into their defired Preferment.

Whig. That's a Story of your Invention I warrant.
Capt. 'Tis their Practice every Day, and now I think 'tis high time to fence such Villains out of the Church, who so publickly declares her Ruin,

Whig. He takes up a Print, Intitul'd, An Account of the Substance of the Articles of Impeachment, exhibited against Dr. Sacheverel in the H--with Remarks thereon.

I. That he was guilty of several High Crimes and Misdemeanors, particularly larly by Preaching up, Maintaining, Advancing and Encouraging from the Pulpit, the exploded Doctrine of Passive Obedience, Non-resistance and Hereditary Succession, against the declar'd Principles of Parliamentary Limitation, in order to subvert the Laws of the Land and Liberties of the Sub ject, and directly against the Principles on which the Revolution was founded

II. As allo for Reflecting on the Toleration, to the Dishonour, Scandal and Prejudice of the present happy Establish'd Government, as if it es

courag'd Hypocrites and Schismaticks, &c.

III. That the Church of England was in Danger, notwith standing the late Resolution of both Houses of Parliament to the contrary; Reflecting of them by an odious Comparison, that the Long Parliament voted King Charle the First's Person out of Danger, when his Murcherers were then actual Conspiring his Death, by an Innuendo, as if the present P---- would be so by the Church.

IV. And laftiy for Reflecting on the Ministry, rendring them Obnoxion to the People, in order to create a Misunderstanding between them and He Majesty, and thereby occasion Sedition and Disorder among the Subjects Great-Britain; and many other Inconveniencies as will more at large appear when his Tryal before the Honouroble House of Lords is Printed and Published

And when he had done Reading of it, fays, Captain, what do you fayt

this Paper?

Gapt. Truly, I am of Opinion, This Paper is not the Articles that an exhibited against Dr. Sacheverel.

Whig. Why should you think so?

Capi. Because they are so frivilous, that any body may answer them. Whig. I should be glad to see you undertake it.

Capt. I am certain I can answer the most material things in it, said again em

Whe Come on Captain, let's fee your noble Answer thereto. erical mean & that, his his rain rule Anjest take 6.

Capt. I don't question but the Reverend Doctor is able to answer what he has preached in his Sermon, but this Paper's Reasons are so weak, that they are easily answer'd. Whig. Begin then.
Capt. Then, whereas its faid, that he preaches up Paffive Obedience, and Non-Refistanck, and Heredisary Succession, against the declared Principles of Parliamentary Limitation, in Order to subvert the Laws of the Land, &c. and directly against the Principles on which the Revolution was founded, is salie Notion, as I shall make appear by and by, tho' I don't deny, but he 1 09 Place may have preached Passive Obedience, Sc. to the Heirs of the Heriditary Sucar to ulion; but how does that thwart the Declared Principles of Parliamentary me imitation, for is's not plain, that King William and his Parliament fettled aith he Succession of the Crown to the next Protestant Heir in Blood, after the down lecease of Her Majesty, and for want of Issue on the House of Hamover; urch and pray, is She not in the Line of Hereditary Succession? If fo, then 'tis not me to their own Aim to keep the Succession on the Right Hereditury Line, as they in. we established it. ontrary to the Principles of the Revolution, for it abundantly proves 'twas Whig. So far you are right Captain; but why should he preach so much pon the Doctrins of Paffive Obedience, &c. Mythinks it is the ready way artice trary Government, is such a thing, I abominate and cannot endure Capt. Arbitrary Government in Monarchy is not to be endured by the m the Thigs, but in a Protector, if he coms but with a Company of Officers at his ce and leels, and turns out the Common-wealth Parliament (as they very well dery Li-e Sub gred, when so justly the King demanded those Fi e Memburs, and they e Sub erved, when to justly the King demanded those Five Me unded cfus'd) by the Ears, and sets up himself, then all's well. Whig. No, we don't love Arbitrary Power at all. candal Capr. No, and stand so titely to justifie his Murthering of the King, as it en ou did but just now; and pray, did you not Hug your selves contentedly the sequestrations of the Kings, the Nobility, Gentry, and the Clergy's ng th ands and Revenues, then 'twas but Just and Glorious, nay Meritoriously ing of one, with a Thank-God in the Mouth, as if he had conferred to it; this Charle as not Arbitrary, no not a Jot of it, this is what the Saints of the Lord Etuall ould fain be nibbling at, tho they have open'd their Shop, I must tell you, ould d little too foon. Whig. Go on, go on with the Second Article. loxion Capi. Whereas tis faid, that he Reflects on the Toleration, nd He ojects of o the Dishonour, and Scandal of the present happy Establish'd appear Sovernment, as if it incouraged Hypocrites and Scismaticks, blished a fayu co. I fay, this is as falle as the other, for the Doctor takes I that care imaginable, to prevent that Odium which before hat are e faw (those Damn'd Whigs) would cast on him, for he plainy fays in his Sermon, p. 13. I would not here be misunderood, as if I intended to cast the least Invidious Resection upm. n that Indulgeance, the Government has condescended to give againem, which I am fure all those that wish well to our Church are ery ready to to grant to Consciences truly scrupulous; but

thy (as he fays) must the Church that is Establish'd by Law.

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be pelted (by Whigs) with more Blasphemous Libels, and fourrilous Lampoons, then were ever published in Oliver's !! furpation, if they did not defign her Ruine; nay, (farther he adds) have they not lately Villainiously devided Us with the Knavish Distinction of High and Low Churchmen, and an not the best Characters they can give Us, those of Papist, 74 cebites, and Conspirators; is not this raising groundless la lousies and Fears, in order to set Us by the Ears, for that the English on't, and in stort, I'm of his Opinion.

Whig. Come, come, Captain, proceed to the Third Article and let's fee how you will get from that which I take to be

Clencher.

Capt. never fear, I shall Encounter that I warrant you; shall divide that Article into 2 Parts, and to each give a distinct Answer; And first of all, it is said, That the Church of En land is in Danger, notwithstanding the late Resolution of both Houses of Parliament to the contrary; now this at first sight looks as you fay, indeed, a Clencher. But to clear this Man ter, if you will but look back to the Vote, or Resolution you will find this Matter to vanish in a minute; for there in faid, That whoever shall by Writing, Speaking, or Printing Publish, or Declare, That the Church of England, as she now stands by Law Establish'd, is in Danger under her presu Majesty's Administration, &c. where, observe, this Article has left out, under her present Majesty's Administration, a purpose to blacken the Doctor; for I desie any Person to she me in the Sermon, where he has faid, that the Church is in Dal ger under her present Majesty's Administration, and I'll gin up the Cause; 'cis true, I don't deny but he says the Church is in Danger, but that is by the Perils of false Brethren, for as you Whigs are, not from the Q-n, as is flily infinuated. Whig. I but he means the Q-n.

Capt. A very good left, I hope you won't have the Impl dence to blacken this Q-n as your Party does, who fays, this a certain G -- t L -- y at C -- t often prevails with her private ly, to hear one of your Pious Teachers; nay, and farther hat the Impudence to fay, That the Good Q--- fits between a pro cious Presbyterian Preacher on the one Hand, and a Moderate B of the C of England on the other; but I shall in more believe this blacking Story of her, which is only faid make Her an Odium to the Church of England, than I shal fare that which thesame Whigs made use of to Ruine Her Roya lou Father

ther King James, viz. Poysoning his Brother King Charles e II. for tis their sole property to blacken the Monarchy on profe to bring it to Ruine if possible.

Whig, I, but I tell you, he means the Queen.
Capt. That's false, read his Sermon, p. 11. where he exains himself, This Pious Design of making our House of

aver a Den of Thieves, of Reforming our Church into a haos, is well known to have been attempted several times hat this Kingdom, and lately within our own Memories; and he

ther goes on to explain his Meaning, which is what could rticle then be gained by Comprehension and Tolleration, (which be a ery body knows was not in this Reign, but in King Charles

e II.) may be brought about by Moderation and Occasiou; l Conformity, and what they could not do (meaning the

tina esbyteians, and not the Q-n) by open Violence, they will Engt fail still (the Presbyterian) by secret Treachery to acmplish; Now, where is a bit of the Q-'s Administration

all this, if the Clergy of the Church are fuch Foois to let em in, when they can keep them out, 'tis their own Faults,

d no bodies else, for if they would resuse to give them e Holy Sacrament, I am sure they would never be qualified rany Post or Place of Preferment in the Government, no. t so much a Headborough, much less Parliament Men, and

en lam fure it could never be in their Power to go about to ine the Church.

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Whig. I don't believe any one's going about it.

Capr. Nay, faith, 'tis all one if they do, but they had best ke care lest, when they undermine the Church, the Ruins don's

I upon fuch, and crush 'em to pieces, as undertakes it.

Whig. Well pray proceed to to the Second Head of this third ticle.

Capt. Well then, it is, That the Long Parliament Voted e Person of King Charles the First out of Danger, when his artherers were actually Conspiring his Death, and the Ruine the Churth.

Whig. Mythinks this is a very odious Comparison, and is, it were, by an Innuendo, as if the present P-

e Ruine of the Church.

crate Capt. As for the supposed Ruine of the Church, as you all no ease to intimate by your Innuendo, neither the H- of id to s, not the H - of P-s, nor her present Ma-y,

hal dare affirm, have any fuch thought, and tis therefore scan-Roya lous to think fo, and therefore falfely imputed to the ather

Doctor's

Detor's charge, when in his Sermon he has so often explained who those Persons were that he hinted at that were about to ruine the Church, and therefore this is a false Imputation laid on him, and ris morally impossiblen the Church should be ruined, for the Q-n, L-s and C-ns have fwom to support this Church of England as the stands by Law established; nay, the Nobiliy, Gentry, and Commonality of the Kingdomd Scotland, did by their Compact with the Kingdom of England on the Union oblige themselves in one of the said Union-Articles, to defend, support uphold and maintain the Church of England under the Government of Arth Bishops, Priefts and Deacons, in the Worship she now stands established by Law in England; so the Nobility, Gentry, and Commonality of England did by their Compact with the Kingdom of Scotland on the said Union, ob liged themselves in one of the said Union Articles, to defend, suppert, up hold, and maintain the Church of Scotland and the Government of Probytery in the Worship she now stands by Law established. And therefore as I faid before; 'tis in vain to attempt the plucking down any one of the faid Churches without engaging both the Kingdoms in her faid Defence.

Whig. Here Captain you say well, for I am of your Opinin Capt. That may be at present, but I doubt you will leave the anon, when I come to speak of the Parliament in Form One, who not only pull'd down the Church of England, and fet up another, whereby they established the Directory instead of the Common-Prayer; and it is also as true that altho the Lon Parliament voted the King's person to be out of Danger, that's more then they could warr ant, tho the Almighty kept it is for a confiderable time, for according to human prohabiling he might as well have met with Death when he traveile through so many showers of Bullets that the Parliaments forces so liberally bestowed on him, as when he met it by their Noble Heads-Man at last, and had not the Presbyterians over come him and his forces by War, the Independents had never been able to cut off his Head, what fay you to this, I down now whether you will be of my Opinion or not.

Whig. But this shews that the Presbyterians did not cut off his Head.
Capt. So I say, but they help'd to do it by overcoming the

King and his Forces, as I said already.

Whig. Well, Sir, proceed to the fourth Article.

the Ministry from it; and therefore this Matter is so plain, that there needs no Missinderstanding, the Saddle being clearly laid upon the right Horse.

Whig. I hear that the Doctor has moved for Bail in the H- of P-s, and that a full H- is order'd to attend to Day.

Cage I don't question but their Honours will grant his Delite.